

#### Establishing **Evidence**

#### Elevating **Standards**

#### Enriching **Policy**



# Evaluation of Teachers Trained Through Different Routes to Certification

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#### **Motivation**

- Alternative certification (AC) programs supply increasing numbers of teachers
- Debates on whether AC programs adequately prepare teachers for the classroom
- The effectiveness of different training strategies has not been rigorously studied

# What are AC Programs?

- Allow teachers to begin teaching before completing required coursework
- Typically require less coursework than traditional certification (TC) programs and no student teaching
- Have perceived advantages and disadvantages
  - Reduce barriers to entry (positive)
  - Produce teachers with inadequate training (negative)

#### **Previous Research**

- Numerous rigorous studies on selective AC programs, but are mainly about TFA and NYC Teaching Fellows
- Most AC programs are not highly selective with admission requirements similar to TC programs
- Study expands evidence on AC teachers by examining teachers from less selective programs in 7 states

#### **Research Questions**

- 1. What are the effects on student achievement of teachers trained through different routes to certification?
- 2. What aspects of teacher preparation are associated with teacher effectiveness?
  - Amount of coursework
  - Timing of coursework
  - Content of coursework

# **Study Design**

Research Design and Participants: Randomly assign students to novice AC or TC teacher in the same grade and school to create several mini-experiments

<u>Analysis</u>: Compare outcomes of students randomly assigned to AC teacher to those randomly assigned to TC teacher

Study design: Provides a test of the effectiveness of teachers from different preparation programs, not direct test of the programs

# **Selecting AC Programs**

- Focused on less-selective programs, admissions requirements similar to TC programs
- Divided sample into AC programs with relatively low and high coursework requirements

# **Geographic Distribution of Sample**

			Teachers		
	Districts	Schools	AC	TC	Total
California	5	15	20	18	38
Illinois, Wisconsin, Louisiana, Georgia	7	12	15	16	31
New Jersey	3	9	9	9	18
Texas	5	23	43	44	87
Total	20	63	87	87	174

# **Grade Distribution of Sample**

Grade	Number of Mini-Experiments			
Kindergarten	20			
First	30			
Second	14			
Third	9			
Fourth	11			
Fifth	6			
Total	90			



# **Baseline Measures of Students**

	AC Classrooms	TC Classrooms	P-Value
Reading Pretest	38.71	38.03	0.38
Math Pretest	42.07	42.14	0.92
Free/Reduced Lunch Eligible	75%	78%	0.08
Male	51%	49%	0.37
Nonwhite	92%	91%	0.56
Total Students	1,276	1,334	

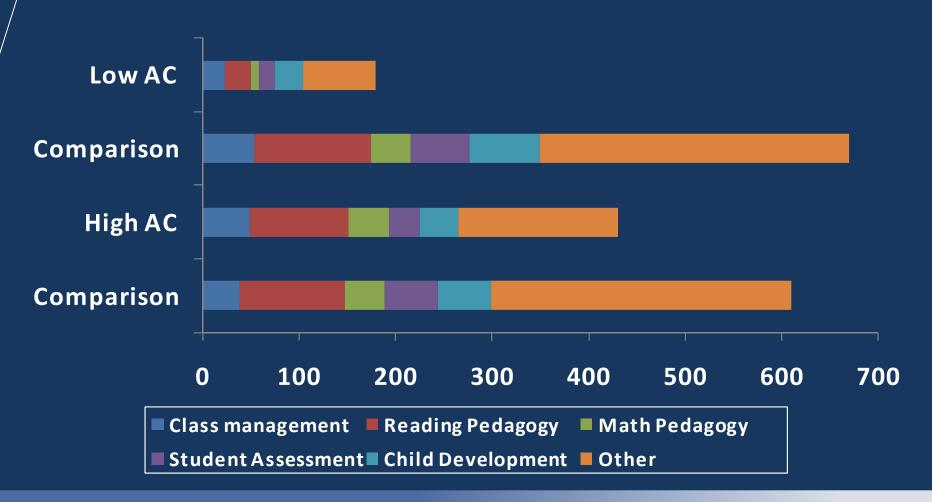


#### Data

- Student achievement
  - California Achievement Test, 5<sup>th</sup> edition
- Teacher Practices
  - Vermont Classroom Observation Tool
  - Principal ratings
- Teacher Characteristics
  - Teacher Survey
- Program Characteristics
  - AC and TC program interviews

# **Findings**

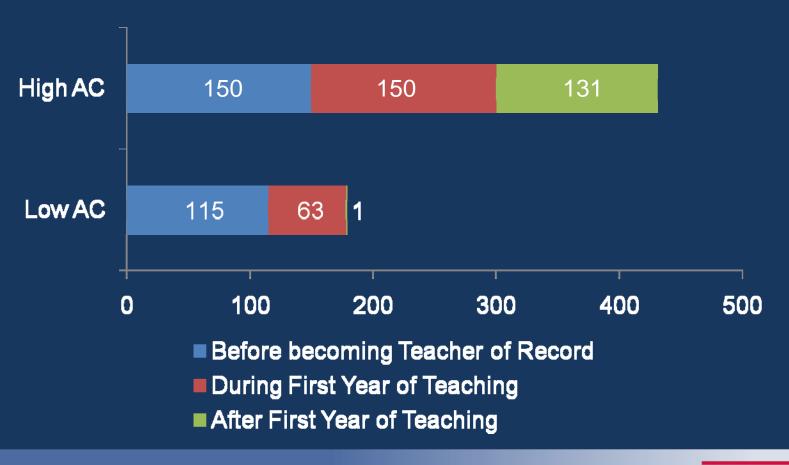
# **Required Coursework Hours**



# AC-TC Differences in Required Coursework



# **Timing of Required Coursework Hours**



# **Teacher Characteristics**

	Low Coursework			<u>High Coursework</u>		
	AC	TC	<i>p</i> -Value	AC	TC	<i>p</i> -Value
White	49%	74%	.02*	41%	70%	.01*
Black	40%	20%	.01*	32%	8%	.01*
Female	96%	98%	.56	79%	89%	.21
Age (yrs)	34	28	.00**	34	30	.01*
SAT Score	930	959	.43	1,010	1,013	.95
Experience (yrs)	2.4	3.0	.06	2.7	2.8	.51
N	46	46		42	44	



# **Experimental Results**

	AC Classroom Average score	TC Classroom Average Score	Effect Size	<i>p</i> -Value
Reading				
Overall	38.51	38.62	-0.01	0.84
Low Coursework	38.29	38.50	-0.01	0.81
High Coursework	38.76	38.76	0.00	1.00
Math				
Overall	41.75	42.77	-0.05	0.12
Low Coursework	41.52	42.12	-0.03	0.56
High Coursework	42.03	43.53	-0.07	0.10

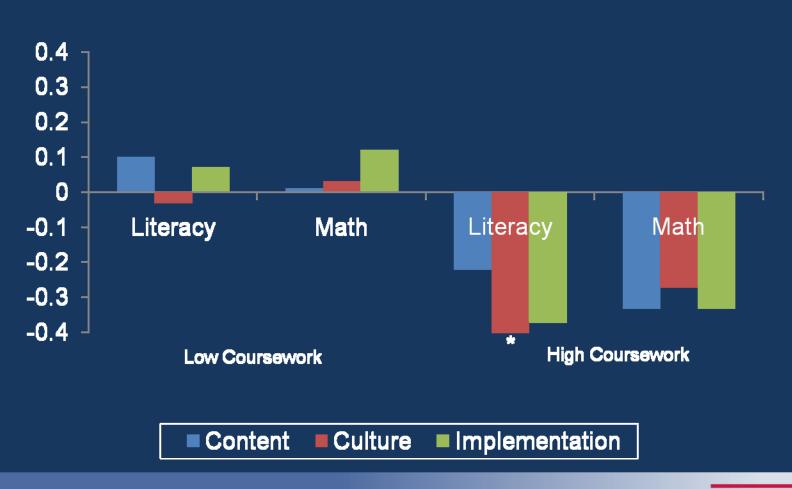
# **Distribution of Effects**



# Results for Subgroups

- Students in California with AC teachers scored statistically lower in math than students of TC counterparts (effect size = -.13)
- Students of AC teachers taking coursework scored lower in math than students of TC counterparts (effect size = -.09)
- No other subgroups showed statistically significant differences

#### **Teacher Practices**



# **Non-Experimental Results**

- Differences in AC teachers' characteristics, practices, and training explained about 5 percent of math scores and 1 percent of reading scores
- Students of AC teachers taking coursework scored lower than TC comparisons in reading
- Students of AC teachers with master's degrees scored lower than TC comparisons in reading
- No other differences were statistically significant

# **Summary**

- Students of AC teachers performed the same, on average, as students of TC teachers in their schools
- Variation in the amount and content of required coursework in teacher preparation was not linked to teachers' effectiveness in terms of student achievement
- Completing required coursework while teaching is associated with lower student achievement